

Methane in indexes: Brief history, global status, and future.

AGBU Summit 2023: Livestock Sustainability Indexes

Michael Aldridge

michael.aldridge@une.edu.au



SUSTAINABILITY

Indexes: Brief history, global status, and future.

AGBU Summit 2023: Livestock Sustainability Indexes

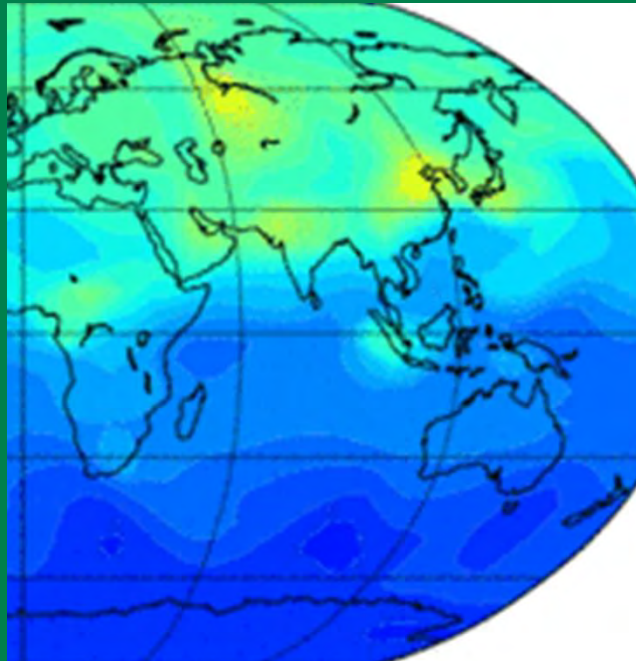
Michael Aldridge

michael.aldridge@une.edu.au



Setting the scene for methane indexes...

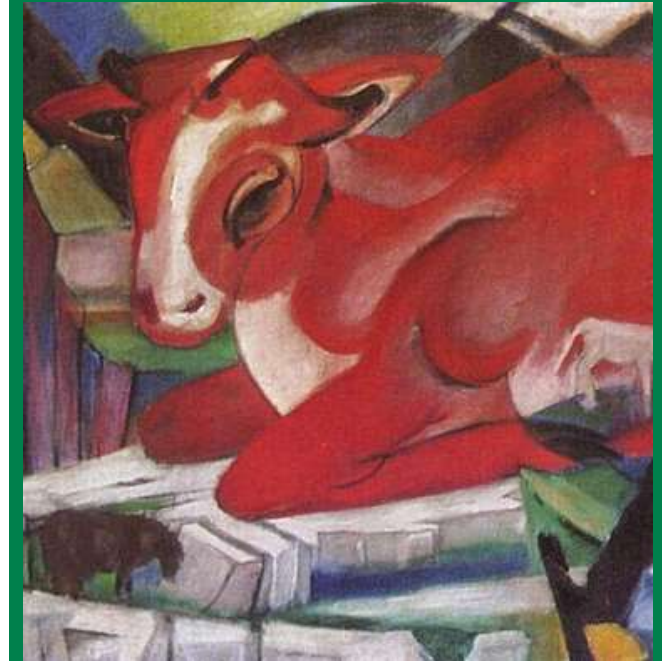
Methane traits and breeding goals



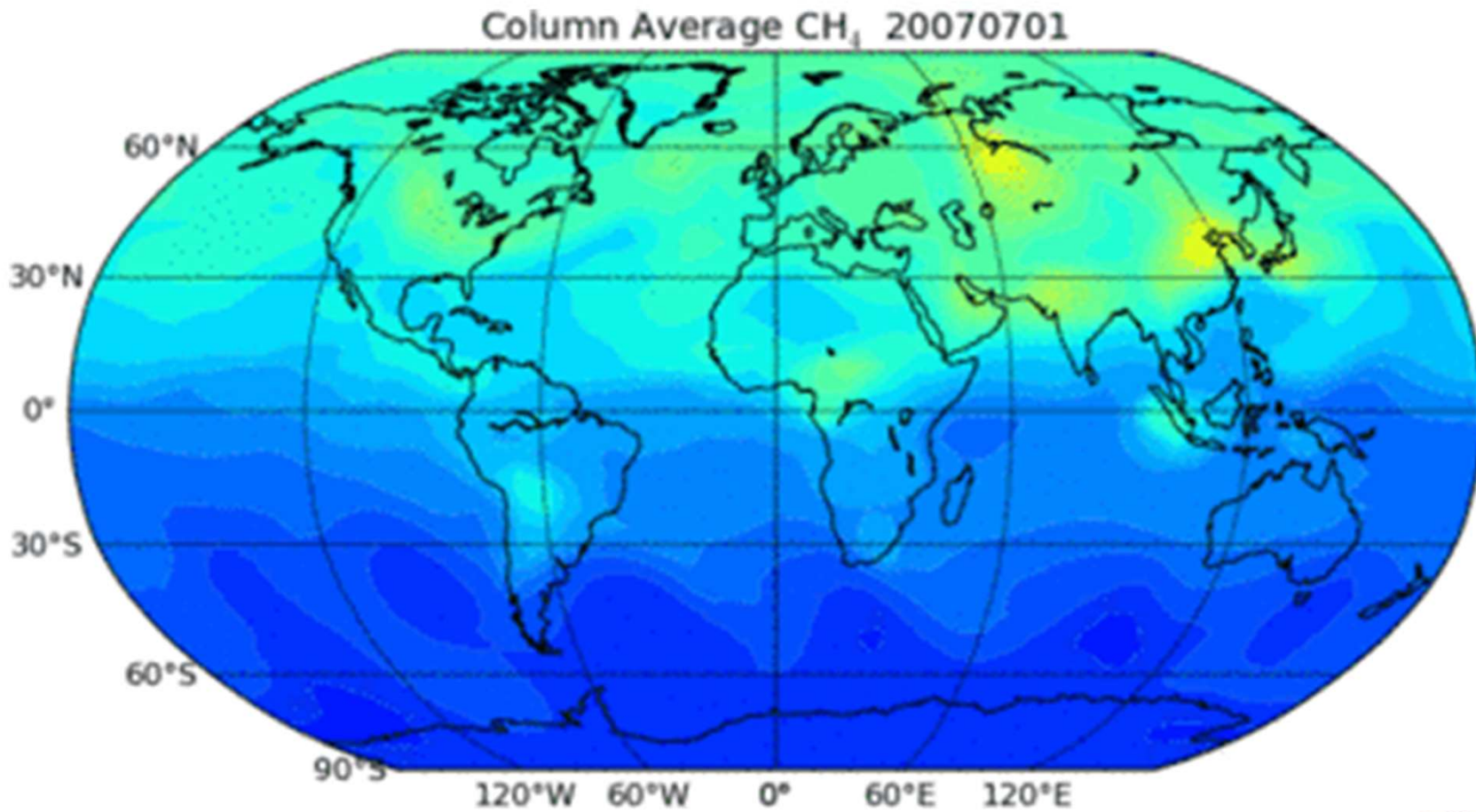
Methane indexes of the past



Methane indexes of today



Methane traits and breeding goals



Methane traits and breeding goals

Methane **production** (g per day, t per year)

Methane **intensity** (per product unit)

Methane **yield** (per feed unit)

Methane utilization (per \$, per ha, etc.)

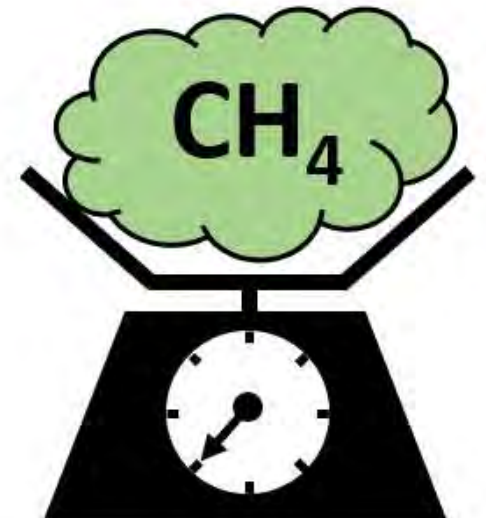
Methane production (g per day, t per year)

Methane or carbon-equivalent produced.

Easy to understand, price, and select for.

Ideal for climate targets.

Reduce this and you'll reduce total methane.
(assuming herd/flock size and feed remains the same)



Methane intensity (per product unit)

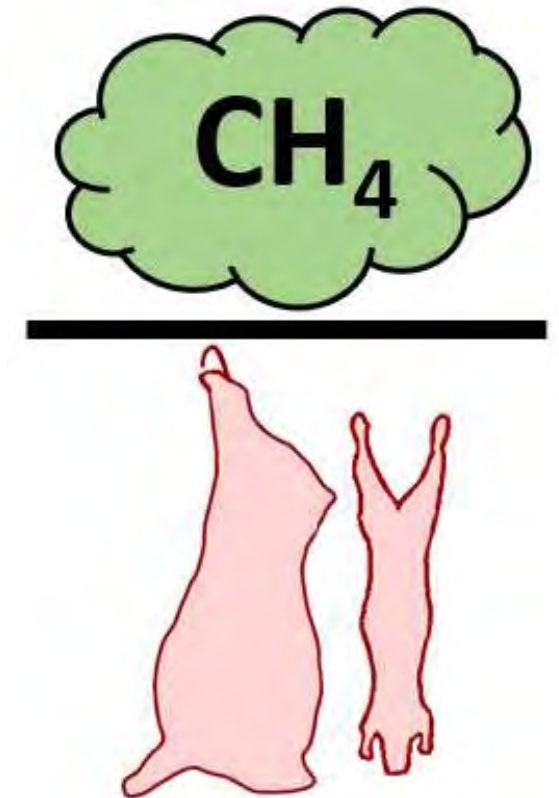
Methane produced as a bi-product.

Likely to reduce methane production.

Limiting due to the nature of the ratio.

Conceptually understandable.

Desirable for industry reporting.



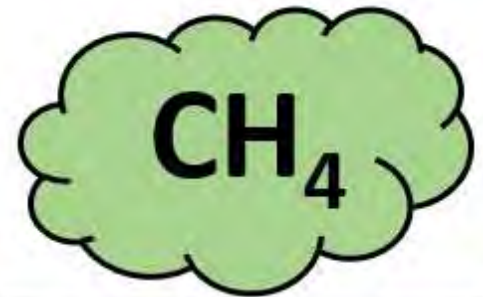
Methane yield (per feed unit)

Methane produced per unit of feed.

Conceptually understandable.

Desirable for industry reporting.

Feed is strongly tied to methane prediction.



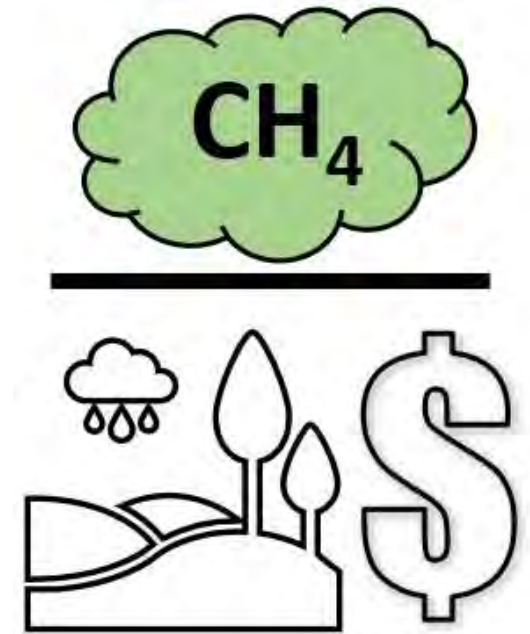
Methane utilization (per \$, per ha, etc.)

Methane produced in relation to the system.

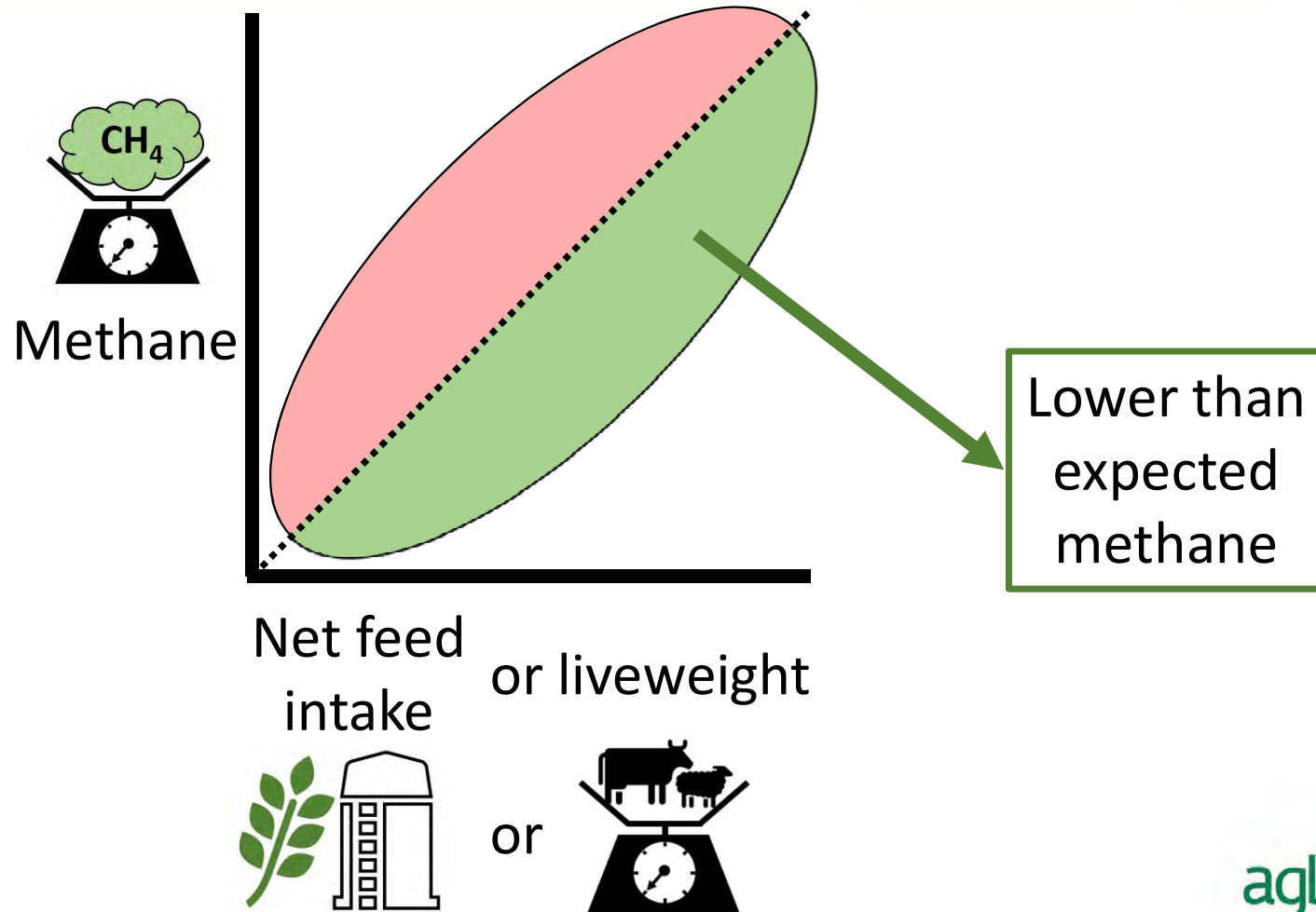
Useful for optimization.

Does it reduce total methane?

Methane is going to be produced, how do we get the most out of it?



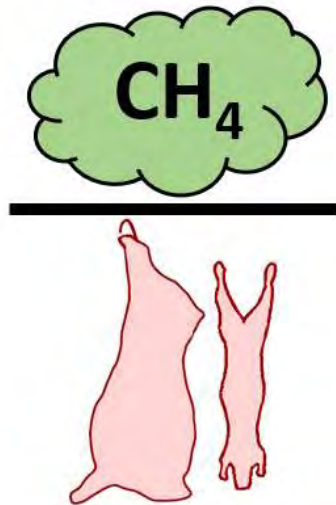
Residual methane traits



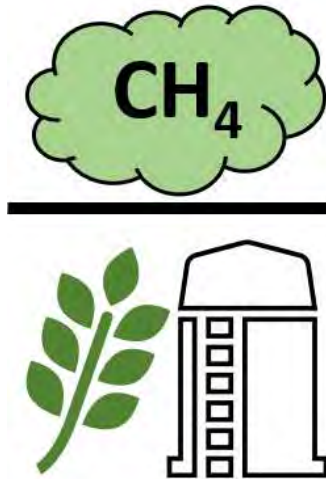
Do you have any clarification questions about these?



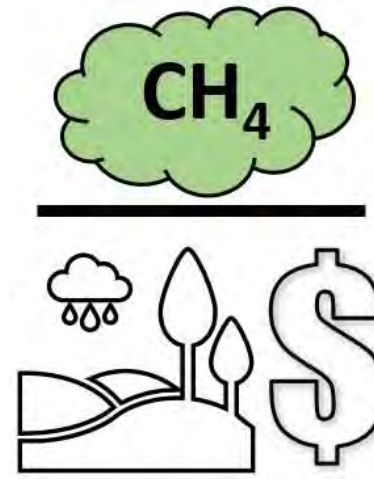
**Methane
Production**



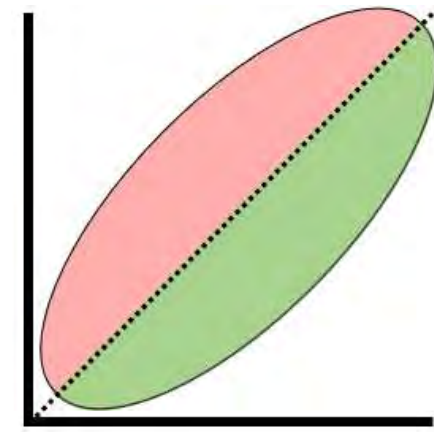
**Methane
Intensity**



**Methane
Yield**



*Methane
Utilization*



**Residual
methane**

Methane indexes of the past



Methane indexes of the past

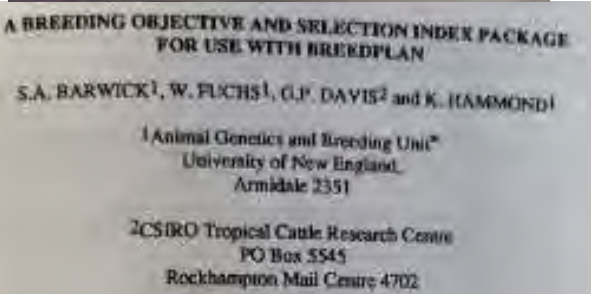
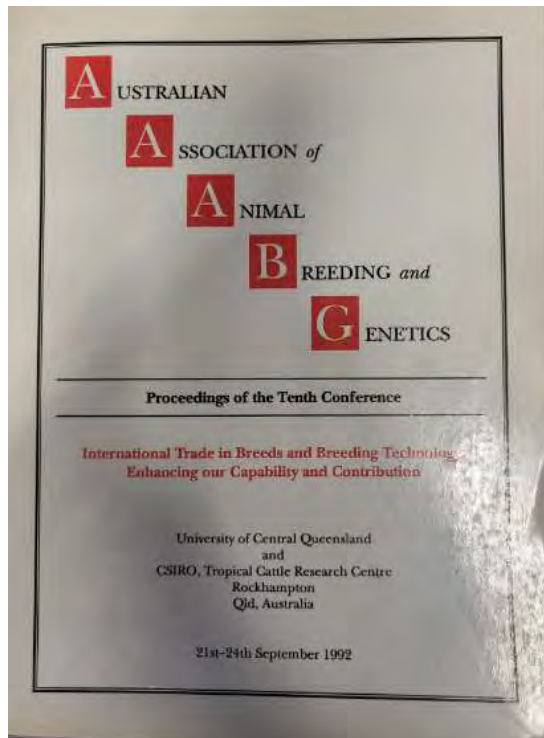
Previous fundamental research opened the door.

Using available data (not CH₄) to reduce methane was recommended.

Research methane indexes were developed and the tools are in place.

A parallel sheep story was happening at the same time.

Feed intake is the father of methane research



CSIRO PUBLISHING

www.publish.csiro.au/journals/ajca

Australian Journal of Experimental Agriculture, 2004, 44, 393-404

Economic evaluation of beef cattle breeding schemes incorporating performance testing of young bulls for feed intake

J. A. Archer^{A,C}, S. A. Barwick^B and H.-U. Graser^B

Cooperative Research Centre for Cattle and Beef Quality

^ANSW Agriculture, Agricultural Research Centre, Trangie, NSW 2823, Australia.

^BAnimal Genetics and Breeding Unit[†], University of New England, Armidale, NSW 2351, Australia

[†]The AGBU is a joint venture of NSW Agriculture and the University of New England.

^CAuthor for correspondence; present address: AgResearch Ltd, Invermay Agricultural Centre, Private Bag 50034, Mosgiel, New Zealand; e-mail: jason.archer@agresearch.co.nz

Genetic and phenotypic variance and covariance components for feed intake, feed efficiency, and other postweaning traits in Angus cattle^{1,2}

P. F. Arthur^{*3}, J. A. Archer^{*}, D. J. Johnston[†], R. M. Herd^{*4}, E. C. Richardson^{*5}, and P. F. Parnell^{*4}

^{*}NSW Agriculture, Agricultural Research Centre, Trangie, NSW 2823, Australia and [†]Animal Genetics and Breeding Unit[‡], University of New England, Armidale, NSW 2351, Australia

©2001 American Society of Animal Science. All rights reserved.

J. Anim. Sci. 2001. 79:2805-2811



Feed intake is the father of methane research

Residual feed intake is heritable (0.30 to 0.39)

Feed intake is strongly related to methane production.

Lessons learnt helped guide methane recording and are still relevant.

CSIRO PUBLISHING

www.publish.csiro.au/journals/ajca

Australian Journal of Experimental Agriculture

A USTRALIAN

A SSOCIATION

A NIMAL

E

Proceedings of the

International Trade in Breeds
Enhancing our Capabilities

University of Central Queensland
CSIRO, Tropical Cattle Research Centre
Rockhampton, Qld, Australia

21st-24th September 2001

A BREEDING OBJECTIVE AND RECORDING SYSTEM
FOR USE WITH TROPICAL CATTLE

S.A. BARWICK¹, W. FUCHS¹, G. DONOVAN¹ AND K. HAMMOND¹

¹Animal Genetics and Breeding Unit[®]
University of New England,
Armidale 2351

²CSIRO Tropical Cattle Research Centre
PO Box 5545
Rockhampton Mail Centre 4702

for feed intake,
cattle^{1,2}

Richardson^{*5},

Animal Genetics and
Breeding in Australia

Animal Production Sci. 2001. 79:2805-2811

agbu 

We haven't just been ruminating

Incorporating methane emissions in selection indexes

Steve Barwick
Tony Henzell & Others

March 2015

Including methane emission in beef cattle breeding objectives & indexes

Steve Barwick
& Tony Henzell

agbu

Project B.CCH.6310 Milestone 6.1 Report:

Genetic Strategies for Reducing Methane, including Incorporating Methane in the BREEDPLAN Selection Indexes Used in Beef Cattle Breeding

Milestone 4 report for NSW DPI project sub-contract ('Genetic technologies to reduce methane emissions from Australian beef cattle'):

Incorporating methane emissions in profit indexes for beef cattle breeding

S.A. Barwick and A.L. Henzell, Animal Genetics and Breeding Unit

Lifting Beef Industry Productivity through Genetic Improvement: Progress and Challenges in a Changing Climate

Steve Barwick, Senior Research Scientist, Animal Genetics and Breeding Unit, Armidale (AGBU is a joint venture of Industry & Investment NSW and the University of New England)

Final Report on Incorporating Methane in Indexes (sub-project contributions to Project B.CCH.6310 Milestone 8)

S.A. Barwick and A.L. Henzell, Animal Genetics and Breeding Unit

We haven't just been ruminating

Feed cost was a step towards methane predictions.

Methane predictions were useful for methane recording strategies.

Refinement of methane in BreedObject has been ongoing for the past decade.

Incorporating methane into selection

Steve Barwick & Tony Henzell

Including methane in breeding & selection

Steve Barwick & Tony Henzell

agbu

Milestone 6.1 Report: Incorporating Methane in Indexes
Final Report on Incorporating Methane in Indexes (sub-project contributions to Project B.CCH.6310 Milestone 8)

S.A. Barwick and A.L. Henzell, Animal Genetics and Breeding Unit

agbu 

genetic technologies to improve
of cattle breeding

Hypothetical benefit of including methane in indexes is well documented.

Proc. Assoc. Advmt. Anim. Breed. Genet. 18:472-475


THE ROLE OF ANIMAL GENETIC IMPROVEMENT IN REDUCING GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM BEEF CATTLE

P. F. Arthur¹, K. A. Donoghue², R. M. Herd³ and R. S. Hegarty³

CSIRO PUBLISHING
www.publish.csiro.au/journals/animal

Ruminant enteric methane mitigation: a review

D. J. Cottle^{A,C}, J. V. Nolan^A and S. G. Wiedemann^B



Content lists available at ScienceDirect

Animal
The international journal of animal biosciences



J. Dairy Sci. 105:9297-9326
<https://doi.org/10.3168/jds.2022-22091>
© 2022, The Authors. Published by Elsevier Inc. and FASS Inc. on behalf of the American Dairy Science Association®.
This is an open access article under the CC BY license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).

Invited review: Current enteric methane mitigation options

Karen A. Beauchemin,¹ Emilio M. Ungerfeld,^{2*} Adibe L. Abdalla,³ Clementina Alvarez,⁴ Claudia Arndt,⁵ Philippe Becquet,⁶ Chaouki Benchaar,⁷ Alexandre Bernier,⁸ Tim A. McAllister,¹ Walter Oyhantcaba,¹⁰ Saheed A. Salami,¹¹ Juan Tricarico,¹⁴ Aimable Uwizeye,¹⁵ Camillo De Nino,¹⁶ M. Mauricio,⁹ 'an Sun,¹³ and 'hy Robinson,¹⁵



J. Dairy Sci. 103:5366-5375
<https://doi.org/10.3168/jds.2019-17732>
© 2020, The Authors. Published by FASS Inc. and Elsevier Inc. on behalf of the American Dairy Science Association®.
This is an open access article under the CC BY-NC-ND license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/>).

Symposium review: Genomic selection for reducing environmental impact and adapting to climate change*

Jennie E. Pryce^{1,2*} and Mekonnen Haile-Mariam¹

Animal (2015), 9:9, pp 1431-1440 © The Animal Consortium 2015. This is an Open Access article, distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution licence (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/>), which permits unrestricted re-use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.
doi:10.1017/S1751731115000968

Animal board invited review: genetic possibilities to reduce enteric methane emissions from ruminants

N. K. Pickering^{1a}, V. H. Oddy², J. Basarab³, K. Cammack⁴, B. Hayes^{5,6,7}, R. S. Hegarty⁸, J. Lassen⁹, J. C. McEwan¹, S. Miller^{10,11b}, C. S. Pinares-Patiño^{12c} and Y. de Haas^{13†}



ELSEVIER

Review: Diving into the cow hologenome to reduce methane emissions and increase sustainability

Oscar Gonzalez-Recio^{a,*}, Natalia Scrobota^{a,b}, Javier López-Paredes^c, Alejandro Saborío-Montero^{d,e}, Almudena Fernández^a, Evangelina López de Maturana^{b,f,g}, Beatriz Villanueva^a, Idoia Goiri^h, Raquel Atxaerandio^h, Aser García-Rodríguez^h



Animal board invited review: Genomic-based improvement of cattle in response to climate change
I. Strandén^{*}, J. Kantanen, M.H. Lidauer, T. Mehtiö, E. Negussie



Hypothetical benefit of including methane in indexes is well documented.

Globally people tested methane in their indexes.

1-4% methane reduction per generation.

Including a residual methane trait = faster progress.

Proc. Assoc. Advmt. Anim. Breed. Genet. 18:472-475

THE ROLE OF ANIMAL GENETIC IMPROVEMENT IN REDUCING GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM BEEF CATTLE

P. F. Art

CSIRO PUBLISHING
www.publish.csiro.au/journals/an

Ruminant enteric

D. J. Cottle^{AC}, J. V. Nola

Animal (2015), 9:9, pp 1431–1440 © The Animal Consortium 2015. This is an Open Access article, distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution licence (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/>), which permits unrestricted re-use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.
doi:10.1017/S1751731115000968

Animal board invited review: genetic possibilities to reduce enteric methane emissions from ruminants

N. K. Pickering^{1a}, M. ...

R. S. Hegarty⁸,
C. de Haas^{13†}



Animal
The international journal of ani

Symposium review: Genomic selection for environmental impact and adapting to climate change

Jennie E. Pryce^{1,2†} and Mekonnen Haile-Mariam¹

ELSEVIER

Review: Diving into the cow hologenome to reduce methane emissions and increase sustainability

Oscar Gonzalez-Recio^{a,*}, Natalia Scrobota^{a,b}, Javier López-Paredes^c, Alejandro Saborío-Montero^{d,e}, Almudena Fernández^a, Evangelina López de Maturana^{b,f,g}, Beatriz Villanueva^a, Idoia Goiri^h, Raquel Atxaerandio^h, Aser García-Rodríguez^h



Animal board invited review: Genomic-based improvement of cattle in response to climate change

I. Strandén^{*}, J. Kantanen, M.H. Lidauer, T. Mehtiö, E. Negussie



Methane recording and association with feed

CSIRO PUBLISHING

Animal Production Science, 2016, **56**, 169–180
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1071/AN15365>

A universal equation to predict methane production of forage-fed cattle in Australia

E. Charmley^{A,G}, S. R. O. Williams^B, P. J. Moate^B, R. S. Hegarty^C, R. M. Herd^D, V. H. Oddy^D, P. R. ^E, J. I. Velasco^{B,C}, A. Anderson^F and M. C. Hannah^B

Proxies to adjust methane production rate of beef cattle when the quantity of feed consumed is unknown

R. M. Herd^A, J. I. Velasco^{B,C}, P. F. Arthur^{D,E} and R. S. Hegarty^B

+ Author Affiliations

Animal Production Science 56(3) 231–237 <https://doi.org/10.1071/AN15477>

Submitted: 24 August 2015 Accepted: 11 November 2015

CSIRO PUBLISHING

Animal Production Science, 2016, **56**, 1006–1010
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1071/AN15425>

Effect of measurement duration in respiration chambers on methane traits of beef cattle

P. F. Arthur^{A,E}, K. A. Donoghue^B, T. Bird-Gardiner^B, R. M. Herd^C and R. S. Hegarty^D

Measures of methane production and their phenotypic relationships with dry matter intake, growth, and body composition traits in beef cattle

R. M. Herd, P. F. Arthur , K. A. Donoghue, S. H. Bird, T. Bird-Gardiner, R. S. Hegarty

Journal of Animal Science, Volume 92, Issue 11, November 2014, Pages 5267–5274,
<https://doi.org/10.2527/jas.2014-8273>

Published: 01 November 2014 [Article history](#) ▼

Baseline and greenhouse-gas emissions in extensive livestock enterprises, with a case study of feeding lipid to beef cattle

Robert M. Herd^{A,C}, V. Hutton Oddy^A and Steven Bray^B

+ Author Affiliations

Animal Production Science 55(2) 159–165 <http://dx.doi.org/10.1071/AN14111>
Submitted: 12 March 2014

Phenotypic relationships among methane production traits assessed under ad libitum feeding of beef cattle^{1,2}

T. Bird-Gardiner, P. F. Arthur , I. M. Barchia, K. A. Donoghue, R. M. Herd

Journal of Animal Science, Volume 95, Issue 10, October 2017, Pages 4391–4398,
<https://doi.org/10.2527/jas.2017.1477>

[Article history](#) ▼

Daily methane emissions and emission intensity of grazing beef cattle genetically divergent for residual feed intake

J. I. Velasco^{A,B}, R. M. Herd^C, D. J. Cottle^A and R. S. Hegarty^{A,D}

+ Author Affiliations

Animal Production Science 57(4) 627–635 <https://doi.org/10.1071/AN15111>
Submitted: 27 February 2015 Accepted: 15 January 2016 Published: 27 May 2016



Methane recording and association with feed

Australia was (and is) a leader in methane recording across beef and sheep.

Animals that eat more produce more methane.

Lessons were learnt, especially about recording difficulties.

CSIRO PUBLISHING

Animal Production Science, 2016, 56, 169–180
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1071/AN15365>

A universal equation to predict methane production of forage-fed cattle

E. Charmley^{A,G}, S. J. ...

P. R. Proxies to when the

R. M. Herd^A, J. I. ...

+ Author Affiliation

Animal Production

Submitted: 24 Aug 2015

Measures of methane production, feed intake, phenotypic relationships with growth, and body composition traits in beef cattle

R. M. Herd, P. F. Arthur[✉], K. A. Donoghue, S. H. Bird, T. Bird-Gardiner, R. S. Hegarty

Journal of Animal Science, Volume 92, Issue 11, November 2014, Pages 5267–5274,
<https://doi.org/10.2527/jas.2014-8273>

Published: 01 November 2014 Article history ▾

Baseline and greenhouse-gas emissions in extensive livestock enterprises, with a case study of feeding lipid to beef cattle

Rob...

ane
itum feeding

Herd

s 4391–4398,

intensity of
t for residual feed

intake

J. I. Velazco^{A,B}, R. M. Herd^C, D. J. Cottle^A and R. S. Hegarty^{A,D}

+ Author Affiliations

Animal Production Science 57(4) 627–635 <https://doi.org/10.1071/AN15111>
Submitted: 27 February 2015 Accepted: 15 January 2016 Published: 27 May 2016



Methane is variable and heritable

Proc. Assoc. Advmt. Anim. Breed. Genet. 20:290-293

PRELIMINARY GENETIC PARAMETERS FOR METHANE PRODUCTION IN AUSTRALIAN BEEF CATTLE

K.A. Donoghue¹, R.M. Herd², S.H. Bird², P.F. Arthur³ and R.F. Hegarty⁴

Feed efficiency, methane emission and fertility

GENETIC PARAMETERS FOR METHANE PRODUCTION AND RELATIONSHIPS WITH PRODUCTION TRAITS IN AUSTRALIAN BEEF CATTLE

K.A. Donoghue¹, T.L. Bird-Gardiner¹, P.F. Arthur², R.M. Herd³ and R.F. Hegarty⁴

Feed efficiency, methane emission and fertility

GENOMIC ESTIMATED BREEDING VALUES FOR METHANE PRODUCTION IN AUSTRALIAN BEEF CATTLE

B.J. Hayes^{1,2}, K.A. Donoghue³, C. Reich¹, B. Mason¹, R.M. Herd⁴ and P.F. Arthur⁵

Repeatability of methane emission measurements in Australian beef cattle

K. A. Donoghue^{A, E}, T. Bird-Gardiner^A, P. F. Arthur^B, R. M. Herd^C and R. S. Hegarty^D

+ Author Affiliations

Animal Production Science 56(3) 213-217 <https://doi.org/10.1071/AN15573>

Submitted: 14 September 2015 Accepted: 14 November 2015 Published: 9 February 2016

Genomic heritabilities and genomic estimated breeding values for methane traits in Angus cattle¹

B. J. Hayes ✉, K. A. Donoghue, C. M. Reich, B. A. Mason, T. Bird-Gardiner, R. M. Herd, P. F. Arthur

Journal of Animal Science, Volume 94, Issue 3, March 2016, Pages 902–908,
<https://doi.org/10.2527/jas.2015-0078>

Published: 01 March 2016 Article history ▼

Genomewide association study of methane emissions in Angus beef cattle with validation in dairy cattle¹

C. I. V. Manzanilla-Pech ✉, Y. De Haas, B. J. Hayes, R. F. Veerkamp, M. Khansefid, K. A. Donoghue, P. F. Arthur, J. E. Pryce

Journal of Animal Science, Volume 94, Issue 10, October 2016, Pages 4151–4166,

Genetic and phenotypic variance and covariance components for methane emission and postweaning traits in Angus cattle¹²

K. A. Donoghue, T. Bird-Gardiner, P. F. Arthur ✉, R. M. Herd, R. F. Hegarty

Journal of Animal Science, Volume 94, Issue 4, April 2016, Pages 1438–1445,
<https://doi.org/10.2527/jas.2015-0065>

Published: 01 April 2016 Article history ▼

Methane is variable and heritable

Proc. Assoc. Advmt. Anim. Breed. Genet. 20:290-293

Genomic heritabilities and genomic estimated breeding values for methane

in Angus cattle¹
Gardiner, R. M., Herd,

902-908,

methane validation in

amp, M. Khansefid,

6, Pages 4151-4166,

Methane is heritable (0.1 to 0.2).

Unfavourable genetic correlations with production.

We can select for lower methane.

PRELIMINARY GENETIC

K.A. Donoghue¹, R.

Feed efficiency, methane emission

GENETIC PARAMETERS WITH PRODUCTION

K.A. Donoghue¹, T.I.

Feed efficiency, methane emission

GENOMIC ESTIMATION

B.J. Hayes^{1,2}, K.A.

Repeatability of methane emission measurements in Australian beef cattle

K. A. Donoghue^{A E}, T. Bird-Gardiner^A, P. F. Arthur^B, R. M. Herd^C and R. S. Hegarty^D

+ Author Affiliations

Animal Production Science 56(3) 213-217 <https://doi.org/10.1071/AN15573>

Submitted: 14 September 2015 Accepted: 14 November 2015 Published: 9 February 2016

Phenotypic variance and covariance components for methane emission and postweaning traits in Angus cattle¹²

K. A. Donoghue, T. Bird-Gardiner, P. F. Arthur[✉], R. M. Herd, R. F. Hegarty

Journal of Animal Science, Volume 94, Issue 4, April 2016, Pages 1438-1445,
<https://doi.org/10.2527/jas.2015-0065>

Published: 01 April 2016

Methane has and can be included in indexes now!

Consequences of using different economic selection index methods on greenhouse gas emissions in beef cattle

B.J. Walmsley^{1*}

¹AGBU, a joint venture of NSW Department of Primary Industries and University of New England, 2351, Armidale, Australia; *brad.walmsley@dpi.nsw.gov.au

Proc. Assoc. Advmt. Anim. Breed. Genet. 19:423-425

USE OF RESIDUAL FEED INTAKE AS AN INDIRECT SELECTION TRAIT FOR REDUCTION OF METHANE EMISSIONS IN GRAZING BEEF CATTLE

D.J. Cottle

Reducing GHG emissions through genetic improvement for feed efficiency: effects on economically important traits and enteric methane production

J. A. Basarab^{1†}, K. A. Beauchemin², V. S. Baron³, K. H. Ominski⁴, L. L. Guan⁵, S. P. Miller⁶ and J. J. Crowley⁵

¹Alberta Agriculture and Rural Development, Lacombe Research Centre, 6000 C & E Trail, Lacombe, AB, Canada T4L 1W1; ²Lethbridge Research Centre, Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, Lethbridge, AB, Canada T1J 4B1; ³Lacombe Research Centre, Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, 6000 C & E Trail, Lacombe, AB, Canada T4L 1W1; ⁴Department of Animal Science, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, MB, Canada R3T 2N2; ⁵Department of Agricultural, Food and Nutritional Sciences, University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB, Canada T6G 2P5; ⁶Department of Animal and Poultry Sciences, Centre for Genetic Improvement of Livestock, University of Guelph, ON, Canada N1G 2W1

(Received 14 January 2013; Accepted 15 April 2013)

Breeders Days Adoption

THE INFLUENCE FEED COST HAS ON CHANGING BEEF CATTLE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

B.J. Walmsley, A.L. Henzell and S.A. Barwick

Animal Genetics & Breeding Unit*, University of New England, Armidale, NSW, 2351 Australia



Lowering ruminant methane emissions through improved feed conversion efficiency

G.C. Waghorn^{a,*}, R.S. Hegarty^b

Animal (2018), 12:9, pp 1815–1826 © The Animal Consortium 2018
doi:10.1017/S1751731118000976

Invited review: Improving feed efficiency of beef cattle – the current state of the art and future challenges

D. A. Kenny^{1†a}, C. Fitzsimons^{2a}, S. M. Waters¹ and M. McGee²

¹Animal and Bioscience Research Department, Animal & Grassland Research and Innovation Centre, Teagasc, Grange, Dunsany, Co. Meath, C15 PW93, Ireland;
²Livestock Systems Research Department, Animal & Grassland Research and Innovation Centre, Teagasc, Grange, Dunsany, Co. Meath, C15 PW93, Ireland

(Received 18 May 2017; Accepted 15 March 2018; First published online 21 May 2018)



Methane has and can be included in indexes now!

Breeders Days Adoption

Consequences of using different economic selection index methods on greenhouse gas emissions in beef cattle

Animals that eat more produce more methane.

Larger animals produce more methane.

Predicted methane from feed intake and weight can be selected.

¹AGBU, a joint venture of the Australian Government and the Agricultural and Horticultural Industries of the United Kingdom, England, 2351, Australia

USE OF RESIDUAL FEED INTAKE IN REDUCTION OF METHANE EMISSIONS

Reducing GHG emissions in beef cattle: effects of feed efficiency on methane production

J. A. Basarab^{1†}, K. A. Beaumont², J. J. Crowley⁵

¹Alberta Agriculture and Rural Development, Lacombe Research Centre, 6000 C & E Trail, Lacombe, AB, Canada T4L 1W1; ²Lethbridge Research Centre, Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, Lethbridge, AB, Canada T1J 4B1; ³Lacombe Research Centre, Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, 6000 C & E Trail, Lacombe, AB, Canada T4L 1W1; ⁴Department of Animal Science, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, MB, Canada R3T 2N2; ⁵Department of Agricultural, Food and Nutritional Sciences, University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB, Canada T6G 2P5; ⁶Department of Animal and Poultry Sciences, Centre for Genetic Improvement of Livestock, University of Guelph, ON, Canada N1G 2W1

(Received 14 January 2013; Accepted 15 April 2013)

D. A. Kenny^{1†a}, C. Fitzsimons², J. W. Ross³

¹Animal and Bioscience Research Department, Animal & Grassland Research and Innovation Centre, Teagasc, Grange, Dunsany, Co. Meath, C15 PW93, Ireland; ²Livestock Systems Research Department, Animal & Grassland Research and Innovation Centre, Teagasc, Grange, Dunsany, Co. Meath, C15 PW93, Ireland

(Received 18 May 2017; Accepted 15 March 2018; First published online 21 May 2018)



OF CATTLE GREEN-

ck
dale, NSW, 2351 Australia



cattle -

Methane has and can be included in indexes now!

Barwick et al. *Genet Sel Evol* (2019) 51:18
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s12711-019-0459-5>

GSE Genetics
Selection
Evolution

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Open Access



Methods and consequences of including reduction in greenhouse gas emission in beef cattle multiple-trait selection

Stephen A. Barwick^{1*} , Anthony L. Henzell¹, Robert M. Herd^{1,2}, Bradley J. Walmsley¹ and Paul F. Arthur³

Increasing feed price = carbon cost

This method is already available for implementation in BreedObject



Methane indexes of today



Methane indexes of today

Methane indexes are here and on the way

- Irish Cattle Breeding Federation
- Semex Canada and Lactanet
- Beef + Lamb New Zealand

Irish Cattle Breeding Federation

IRISH FARMERS JOURNAL



Caitriona Morrissey

BEEF NEWS
21 April 2023



ICBF publishes world-first methane data for breeding bulls

The move towards selecting bulls based on their progeny's methane output has begun with the publication of a new database.



Cattle having methane emissions measured at the ICBF progeny test at Hubert

ICBF publishes first methane evaluations for AI sires



Agriland Team
April 21, 2023 5:00 pm



Ireland confident genetics and breeding can help meet 25pc methane reduction target

James Nason, 26/10/2022



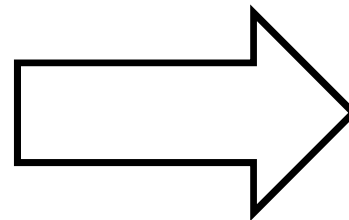
Dr Rod Polkinghorne at the ICBF's bull progeny test at Tully in Ireland last week.



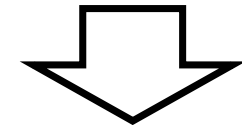
Irish Cattle Breeding Federation



>1,500 Irish
beef cattle



Methane EBVs

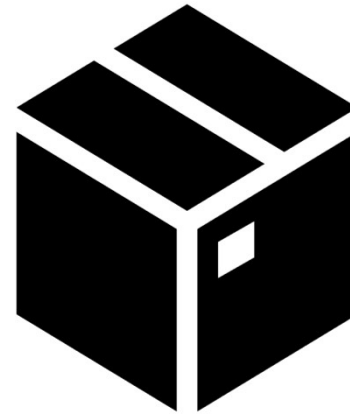


CH₄ Selection
by industry

Irish Cattle Breeding Federation



>1,500 Irish
beef cattle



RBVs for 320 bulls from
across 19 breeds.

Not clear what the trait is.

Not included in any index.

CH₄ Selection
by industry

Semex and Lactanet

INTERESTING
ENGINEERING

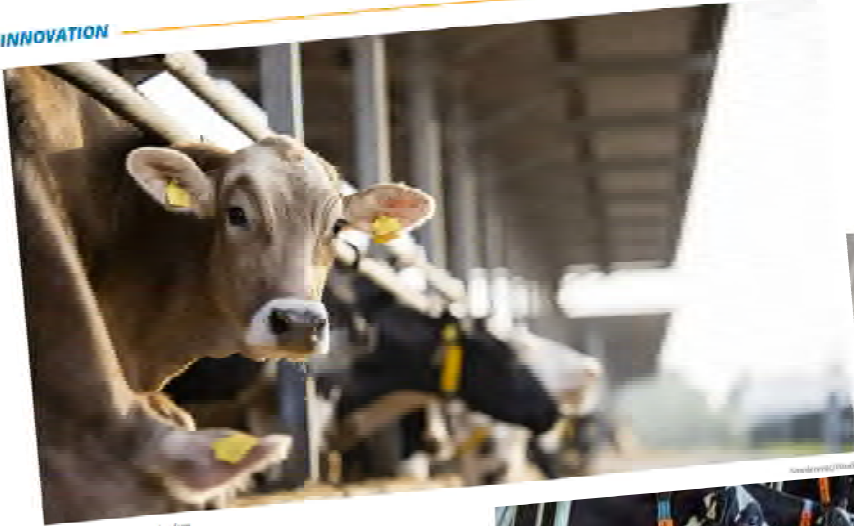
First ever bull semen modified to produce cows that burp less methane

Cattle are responsible for 14.5 percent of the world's greenhouse gas emissions

Created: Aug 08, 2019 07:10 PM EDT



INNOVATION



Representational image of cows in a farm.



NEWS.UOGUELPH.CA

Lower-Burp Cows to Be Bred with World-Leading Methods Based on U of G Research

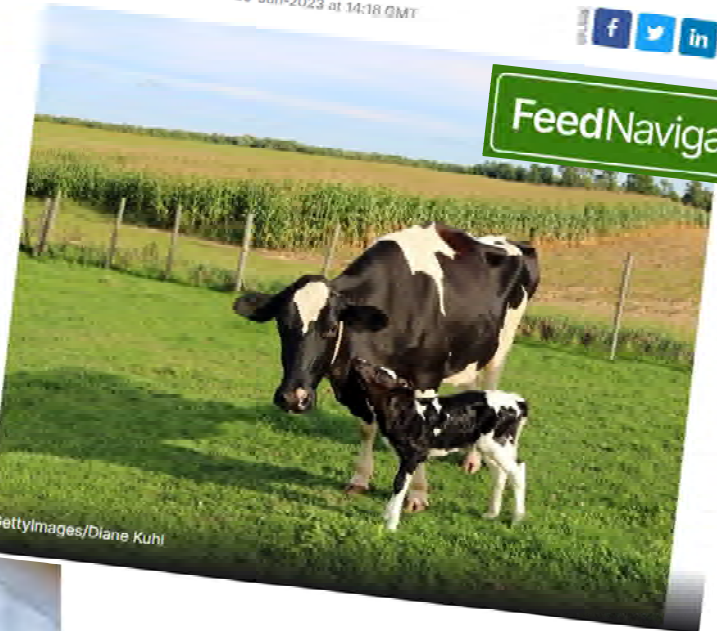
Canada can now breed for methane efficient dairy cows

By Jane Byrne

23-Jun-2023 - Last updated on 23-Jun-2023 at 14:18 GMT



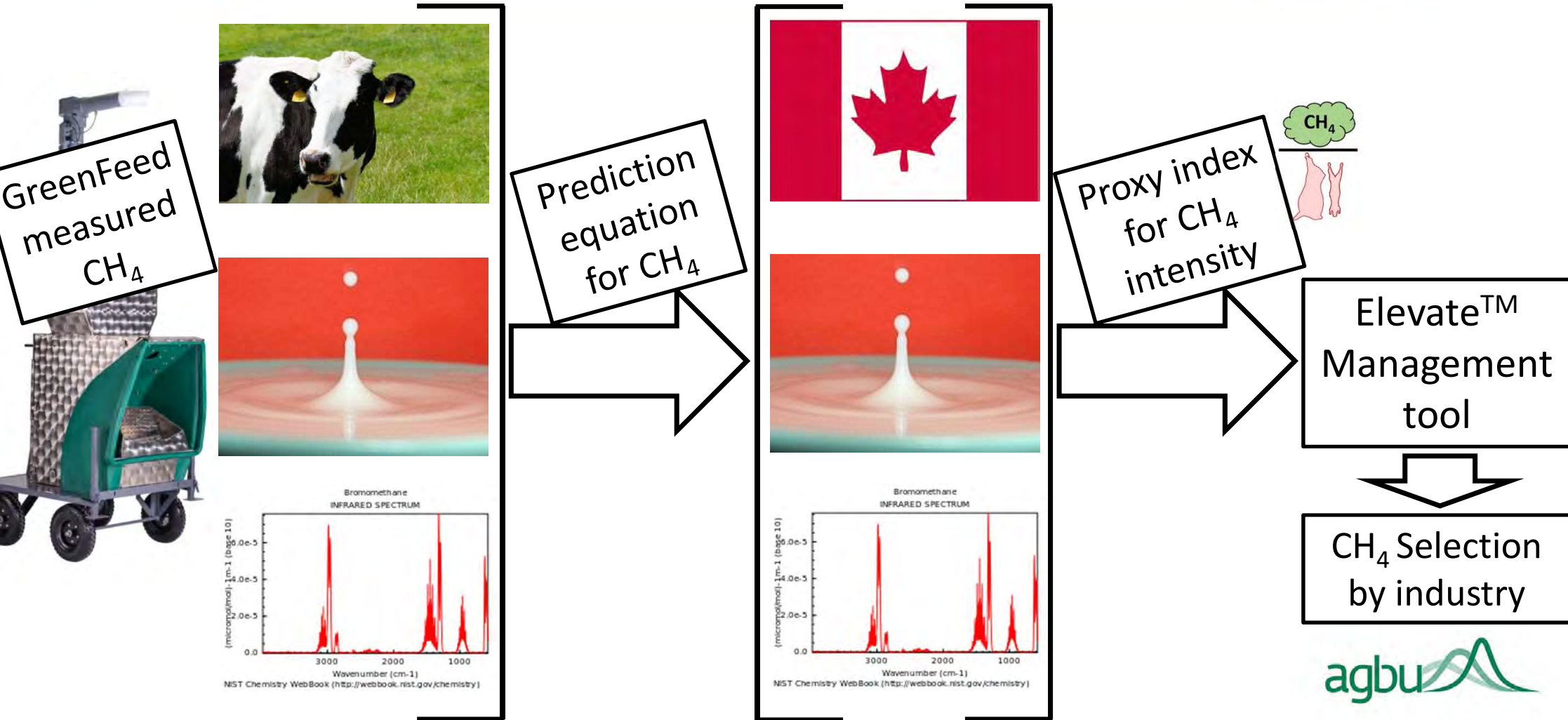
FeedNavigator



© Gettyimages/Diane Kuhl



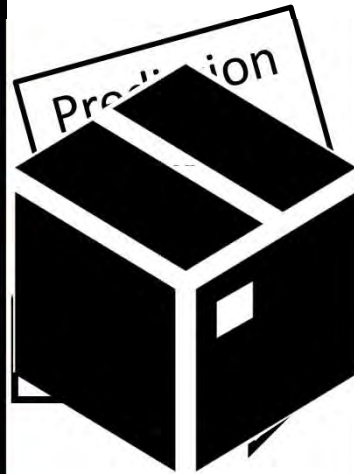
Semex and Lactanet



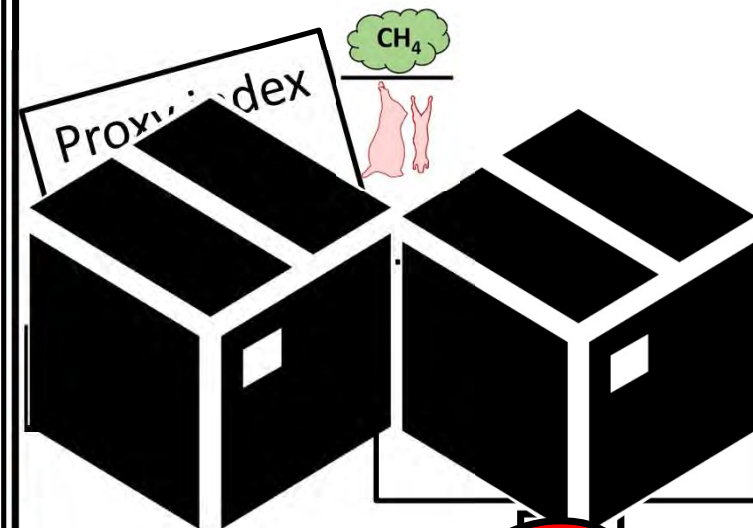
Semex and Lactanet



~600
COWS
with
CH₄,
Milk,
MIR



515,000
Cows
with
Milk
MIR



CH₄ Selection
by industry



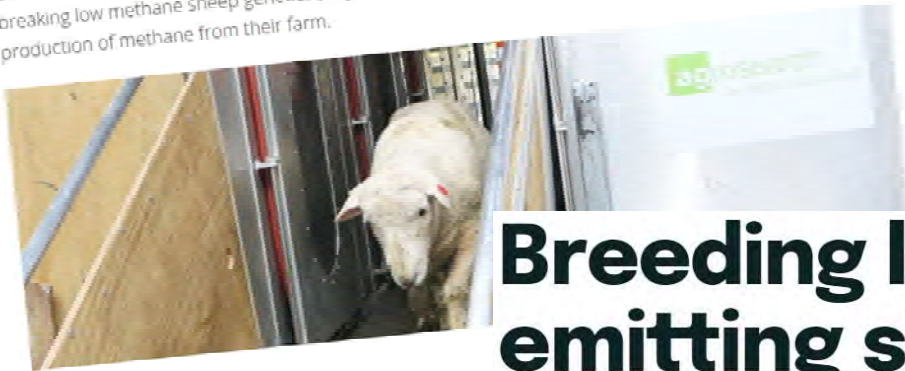
Beef + Lamb New Zealand



Low methane sheep project a game-changer for farmers

Wednesday, 30 Nov 2022 // Climate Change

Beef + Lamb New Zealand (B+LNZ) today welcomed an investment by the Government in a groundbreaking low methane sheep genetics project to give more farmers access to animals to help reduce the production of methane from their farm.



Breeding low-emitting sheep

New Zealand sheep breeders can now measure their sheep and rank them for breeding based on methane emissions, thanks to research funded by the NZAGRC and the PGgRc.



New Zealand

This article is more than 3 years old



New Zealand begins genetic program to produce low methane-emitting sheep

'Global first' project will help tackle climate change by lowering agricultural greenhouse gases

Ben Smees

@BenSmees
Sun 1 Dec 2019 11:11 AEDT



The New Zealand livestock industry has begun a 'global first' program to breed low methane-emitting sheep. Photograph: Carly Earl/The Guardian



Beef + Lamb New Zealand



~20,000 Sheep with methane measured.

Capacity for 5,000 sheep a year, 25 studs, and increasing.

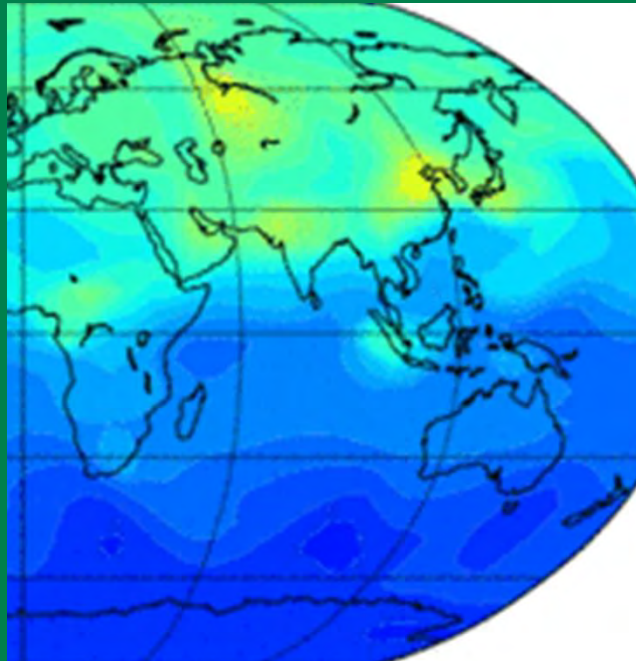
Research index used on research flock (AUD\$92/tCO₂-eq).

RBVs available, Index with RBVs coming



Setting the scene for methane indexes...

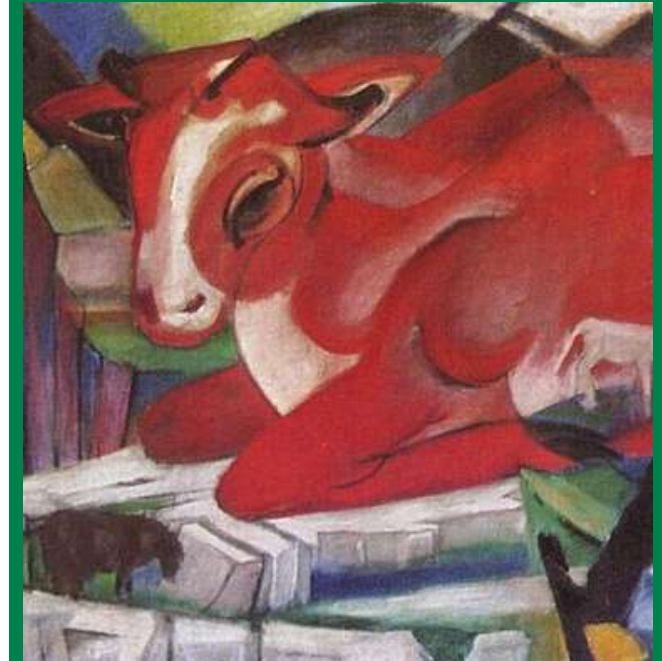
Methane traits and breeding goals



Methane indexes of the past



Methane indexes of today



Setting the scene for methane indexes...



Methane indexes of the future

Globally there is a rush to publish methane EBVs

- Did they sacrifice quality for speed?

AUS has too few records for direct methane EBVs.

BreedObject and SheepObject can predict methane.

Both are adaptive and we can update them with the best science and new methane traits.

We want to breed animals with superpowers!



Increase:

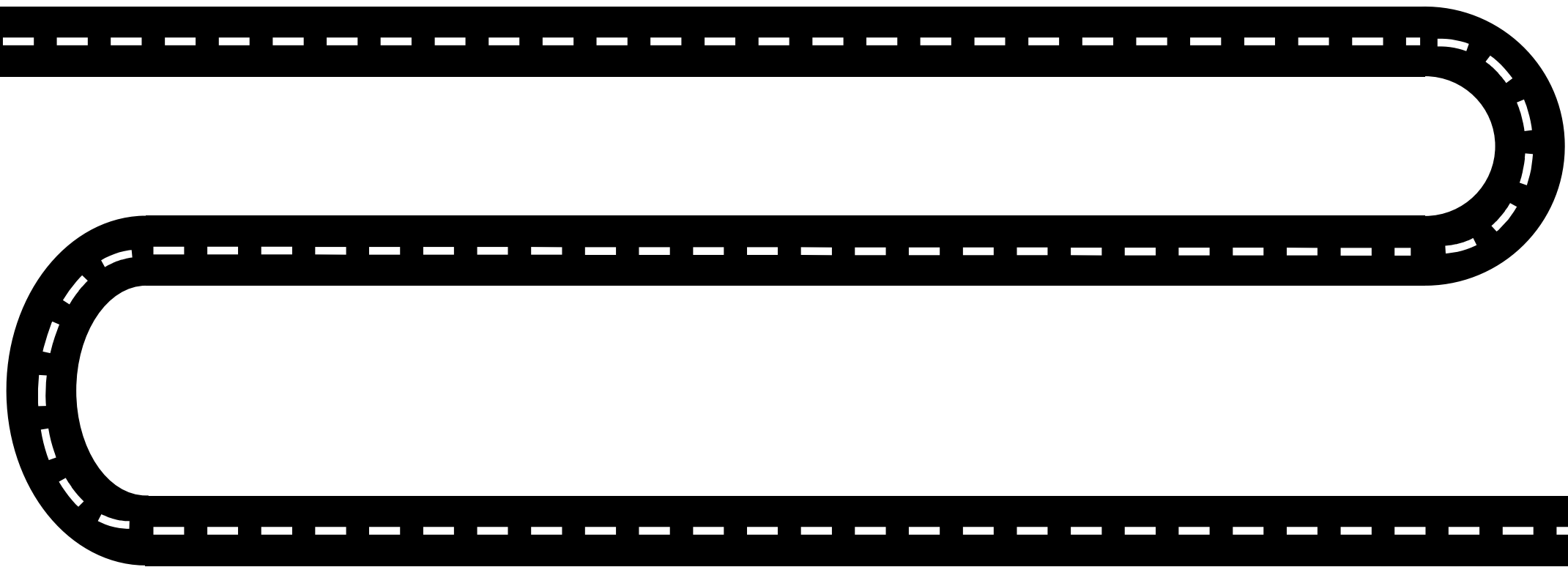
- Production and quality
- Reproduction
- Sustainability (↓CH₄ & ...)

AGBU already has the tools to do it.

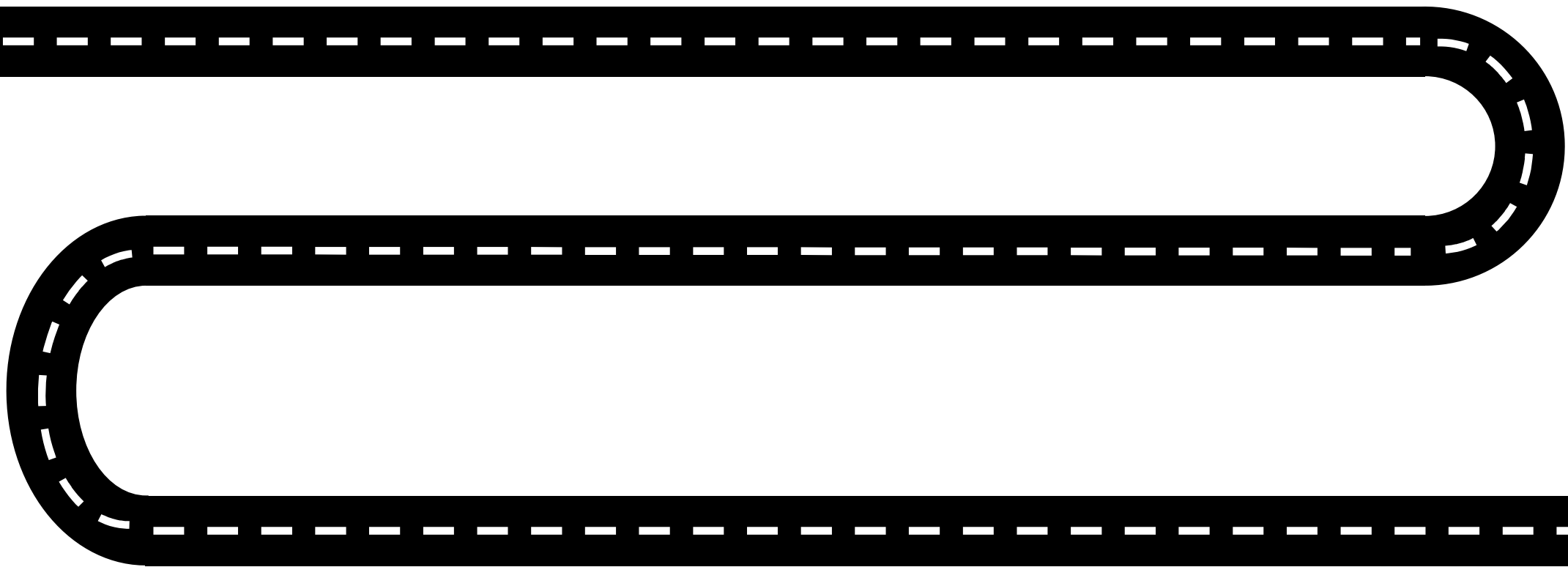
How are we doing it and why is collaboration so important?

- See the following talks

Roadmap to a sustainability index at AGBU



The **The long and winding road** to sustainability



The

The long and winding road

to sustainability

CH₄ fundamentals

CH₄ σ_A^2

CH₄ mitigation potential



The

The long and winding road

to sustainability

CH₄ fundamentals



CH₄ σ_A^2



CH₄ mitigation potential



More CH₄ phenotyping



CH₄ research indexes



The **The long and winding road** to sustainability

CH₄ fundamentals

CH₄ σ_A^2

CH₄ mitigation potential

More CH₄ phenotyping

CH₄ research indexes

We are here

Genetic evaluations

Sustainability indexes

Take home message.

Consensus on a methane trait and objective is needed.

(We're not here to answer this today. Residual CH₄ is a good option for the future)

We know selection is a good tool for reducing methane.

EBVs for methane are being published globally (kind of).

We can provide a methane index / RBVs (See next talks).

What we really want is a sustainability index.

SUSTAINABILITY

Indexes: Brief history, global status, and future.

AGBU Summit 2023: Livestock Sustainability Indexes

Michael Aldridge

michael.aldridge@une.edu.au

